Data Declaration

Arrestees
Adult and Juvenile Age Category
by Arrest Offense Category, 2018

The FBI collected these data through the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program’s National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS).

General Comments

- This table shows the number of arrestees in each age category by the arrest offense category to which they are connected. The 23 Group A offense categories shown for Crimes Against Persons, Crimes Against Property, and Crimes Against Society are comprised of 52 offense types, which are not listed in the table. (At the recommendation of the Criminal Justice Information Services Advisory Policy Board, the UCR Program combined the offense categories of Sex Offenses [formerly Forcible] and Sex Offenses, Nonforcible. Beginning with the 2018 data, all offense types previously published in those two categories are now published in one category as Sex Offenses.)

- In addition, this table includes 10 Group B offenses for which only arrests may be reported. (For a breakdown of the offense types included in each category, see Crimes Against Persons, Property, and Society in this publication.)

Methodology

- The UCR Program counted each arrestee associated with an incident. In addition, for 2018, the UCR Program counted each arrestee reported through only an arrest report.

- The arrestee data were aggregated by the age categories presented and broken down by their associated arrest offense categories. For this table, an adult is an offender who is age 18 or older, and a juvenile is an offender who is under 18 years of age. Figures in the Unknown Age column represent the number of arrestees whose age was unknown.

- Arrest offense categories include the offense types for which agencies arrested individuals, but they are not necessarily the same offense types as were initially reported in the incidents. Therefore, users should exercise caution when comparing data for offenders by offense category in other tables with data for arrestees by arrest offense category in this table.
• This table does not include duplicate data for arrestees who were reported to have been involved in more than one incident and, therefore, had arrestee reports submitted with multiple incident reports.

Note: Arrestee tables published for 2012 and 2013 include arrestees of Group A offenses and arrestees of Group B offenses only if the arrestees were connected to a Group A offense and their data was submitted through a Group A Incident Report. Beginning with arrestee tables published for 2014, arrestees of Group A offenses and all arrestees of Group B offenses—whether submitted via a Group A Incident Report or a Group B Arrest Report—were included to show the total number of arrestees reported to the UCR Program via NIBRS.