



Data Declaration

Offense Category by Type of Weapon/Force Involved, 2013

The FBI collects these data through the FBI UCR Program's NIBRS.

General Comment

This table shows the number of offenses per offense category by the type of weapon/force used by the offender when the crime was committed.

Methodology

This table uses the following rules and then aggregates the data by the type of weapon/force used by the offender when the crime was committed:

- Offenses columns – count as indicated for each offense type in Data Element 6 (UCR Offense Code) and then combine the figures into offense categories:
 - Crime Against Person: count one for each victim, i.e., Victim Segment.
 - Crime Against Property: count one for each unique offense type.
 - Crime Against Society: count one for each unique offense type.
- In a multiple-offense incident, count one for each offense type in the incident.

Notes: Number of offenses does not equal the number of weapons reported in an incident; it is possible to report up to three types of weapon/force involved for each offender in an incident.

Type of Weapon/Force Involved is collected for 15 NIBRS offense types:

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| • 09A = Murder and Nonnegligent Manslaughter | • 120 = Robbery |
| • 09B = Negligent Manslaughter | • 13A = Aggravated Assault |
| • 09C = Justifiable Homicide | • 13B = Simple Assault |
| • 100 = Kidnapping/Abduction | • 210 = Extortion/Blackmail |
| • 11A = Rape | • 520 = Weapon Law Violations |
| • 11B = Sodomy | • 64A = Human Trafficking,
Commercial Sex Acts |
| • 11C = Sexual Assault With An Object | • 64B = Human Trafficking,
Involuntary Servitude |
| • 11D = Fondling | |