



Data Declaration

Table 75

Full-time Civilian Law Enforcement Employees, by Population Group, Percent of Total, 2014

The FBI collects these data through the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program.

General comments

- This table provides data about civilian employees in law enforcement agencies by population group.
- Suburban areas include law enforcement agencies in cities with less than 50,000 inhabitants and county law enforcement agencies that are within a Metropolitan Statistical Area.
- Suburban areas exclude all metropolitan agencies associated with a principal city. The agencies associated with suburban areas also appear in other groups within this table.
- The 2014 police employee data submitted by the West Virginia state UCR Program were not received by the publication deadline and are not included in this table.

Methodology

- The information in this table is derived from civilian employee counts (as of October 31, 2014) submitted by participating agencies.
- Civilian employees include full-time agency personnel such as clerks, radio dispatchers, meter attendants, stenographers, jailers, correctional officers, and mechanics.

Population groups

The UCR Program uses the following population group designations:

| Population Group | Political Label | Population Range |
|--|-----------------|--------------------|
| I | City | 250,000 and more |
| II | City | 100,000 to 249,999 |
| III | City | 50,000 to 99,999 |
| IV | City | 25,000 to 49,999 |
| V | City | 10,000 to 24,999 |
| VI ^{1, 2} | City | Less than 10,000 |
| VIII (Nonmetropolitan County) ² | County | N/A |
| IX (Metropolitan County) ² | County | N/A |

¹Includes universities and colleges to which no population is attributed.

²Includes state police to which no population is attributed.

Population estimation

For the 2014 population estimates used in this table, the FBI computed individual rates of growth from one year to the next for every city/town and county using 2010 decennial population counts and 2011 through 2013 population estimates from the U.S. Census Bureau. Each agency's rates of growth were averaged; that average was then applied and added to its 2013 Census population estimate to derive the agency's 2014 population estimate.