



## Data Declaration

### Table 16

#### **Rate: Number of Crimes per 100,000 Inhabitants by Population Group, 2013**

The FBI collects these data through the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program.

#### **Important note about rape data**

In 2013, the FBI UCR Program initiated the collection of rape data within the Summary Reporting System under a revised definition. The term “forcible” was removed from the offense name, and the definition changed to the revised UCR definition below.

Legacy UCR definition of rape: The carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will.

Revised UCR definition of rape: Penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.

#### **General comments**

- This table provides the rate per 100,000 inhabitants and the number of offenses known to law enforcement for violent crimes (murder and nonnegligent manslaughter, rape, robbery, and aggravated assault) and property crimes (burglary, larceny-theft, and motor vehicle theft) nationally and by city and county groupings for law enforcement agencies submitting 12 months of complete data for 2013. In addition, the table furnishes the number of agencies meeting the criteria for inclusion in this table and provides the estimated population for each population group.
- The Nonmetropolitan Counties classification includes state police agencies that report aggregately for the entire state.

- Suburban areas include law enforcement agencies in cities with less than 50,000 inhabitants and county law enforcement agencies that are within a Metropolitan Statistical Area.
- Suburban areas exclude all metropolitan agencies associated with a principal city. The agencies associated with suburban areas also appear in other groups within this table.
- The UCR Program does not have sufficient data to publish arson offenses in this table. Information about arson can be found in Arson Tables 1 and 2.

### Methodology

- The data used in creating this table were from all law enforcement agencies submitting 12 months of complete data (except arson) for 2013.
- The FBI derived the offense rates by first dividing the aggregated offense counts by the aggregated populations covered by contributing agencies for which 12 months of complete data were supplied and then multiplying the resulting figure by 100,000.
- The rape rates were calculated using the population of the agencies based on the UCR definition of rape (revised or legacy) they used to submit data. See table below.

**Populations used to calculate rape rates (based on rape definition used for submitted data)  
by Population Group, 2013**

<b>Population Group</b>	<b>Population (agencies using revised UCR rape definition)</b>	<b>Population (agencies using legacy UCR rape definition)</b>
Total all agencies	134,788,319	156,887,921
Total Cities	85,491,010	113,725,685
I (250,000 inhabitants and more)	15,350,817	41,227,633
Ia (1,000,000 and over)	1,553,153	24,182,651

Ib (500,000 to 999,999)	7,017,302	8,946,811
Ic (250,000 to 499,000)	6,780,362	8,098,171
II (100,000 to 249,999 inhabitants)	12,948,854	18,838,042
III (50,000 to 99,999 inhabitants)	14,619,522	17,628,370
IV (25,000 to 49,999 inhabitants)	14,148,136	14,316,007
V (10,000 to 24,999 inhabitants)	15,127,090	13,000,413
VI (Less than 10,000 inhabitants)	13,296,591	8,715,220
IX (Metropolitan County)	34,274,499	34,680,250
VIII (Nonmetropolitan County) <sup>1</sup>	15,022,810	8,481,986
Suburban Area <sup>2</sup>	64,080,469	62,527,070

<sup>1</sup>Includes state police agencies that report aggregately for the entire state.

<sup>2</sup>Suburban areas include law enforcement agencies in cities with less than 50,000 inhabitants and county law enforcement agencies that are within a Metropolitan Statistical Area. Suburban areas exclude all metropolitan agencies associated with a principal city. The agencies associated with suburban areas also appear in other groups within this table.

### Population groups

The UCR Program uses the following population group designations:

Population Group	Political Label	Population Range
I	City	250,000 and more
II	City	100,000 to 249,999
III	City	50,000 to 99,999
IV	City	25,000 to 49,999
V	City	10,000 to 24,999

VI <sup>1, 2</sup>	City	Less than 10,000
VIII (Nonmetropolitan County) <sup>2</sup>	County	N/A
IX (Metropolitan County) <sup>2</sup>	County	N/A

<sup>1</sup>Includes universities and colleges to which no population is attributed.

<sup>2</sup>Includes state police to which no population is attributed.

### **Population estimation**

For the 2013 population estimates used in this table, the FBI computed individual rates of growth from one year to the next for every city/town and county using 2010 decennial population counts and 2011 through 2012 population estimates from the U.S. Census Bureau. Each agency's rates of growth were averaged; that average was then applied and added to its 2012 Census population estimate to derive the agency's 2013 population estimate.